

Past Perfect

Table of Contents

- 2 Grammar Notes
- 4 Exercise 1 Matching
- 5 Exercise 2
 Fill in the Blanks
- 6 Exercise 3
 By the Time
- 7 Exercise 4
 Negative Sentences
- 8 Exercise 5
 Pair Work
- 10 Exercise 6Writing
- 11 Exercise 7

 Quiz (Past Perfect, Present Perfect & Simple Past)
- 12 Answer Key



Grammar Notes

PAST PERFECT

A. Introduction

The past perfect is used for two actions that occurred at different times in the past. In a past perfect sentence, the first past action (further in the past) uses the *past perfect*, and the second past action (more recent) uses the *simple past*.

	Past Perfect			
Diagram	6:00 pm 8:00 pm 1 2 X She ate dinner. I called her.	 She had eaten dinner by the time I called her. By the time I called her, she had eaten dinner. 		
Form	had + past participle			
Function	one past action happened before another past action			
Time Markers		already, just, still, and yet are often additionally used.)		
Examples	 Everyone had left by the time I locked up. I had already sent email about the missing stop sign before they fixed it. By the time my girlfriend woke up, the movie had ended. Had you already heard the news when I texted you? They couldn't hand in their group project because one member hadn't finished her section yet. 			



Grammar Notes cont.

B. Notes

Note #1

When the dependent (time) clause begins the sentence, we usually use a comma. We don't need a comma when the independent clause begins the sentence. There is no change in meaning.

- **By the time I graduated,** I had made many new business contacts.
- I had made many new business contacts by the time I graduated.

Note #2

Instead of a dependent clause, we can use an adverb phrase of time (note that a phrase has no subject or past verb). Examples of typical phrases include by July 2010, by 6:00 last night, by the weekend, etc.

- **By August 2017**, they had completed the additions to the building.
- She had already left the office by 2:00 pm yesterday.

Note #3

The past perfect action can be repeated, or there could be multiple actions before the final one.

- I had texted my son five times before he got back to me.
- He had cleaned his room, made dinner, and done his homework by the time I got home.

Note #4

The past perfect is not as common as the simple past. In fact, we can use the simple past instead of the past perfect, especially in informal situations (mostly when a time marker other than "by the time" is used). There is no change in meaning.

- I had shut down my computer before I left the house.
- I shut down my computer before I left the house. (more common)

Bonus:

Can you figure out the meaning of this sentence?

All the faith he had had had had no effect on the outcome of his life.





MATCHING

Match the first part of the sentence on the left with the correct ending on the right.

g	1.	Her plants died because	a)	she had lost her doll.
	2.	He couldn't buy the new computer because	b)	she had left her purse at home.
	3.	The kids couldn't fall asleep last night because	c)	she had already left the office.
	4.	The little girl was crying because	d)	he hadn't studied at all.
	5.	I didn't have to buy groceries because	e)	he had spent all his money.
	6.	He failed his exam because	f)	she had forgotten to set the alarm.
	7.	The man bought a new camera because	g)	she hadn't watered them.
	8.	My sister couldn't pay for lunch because	h)	they had watched a scary movie.
	9.	The woman slept late because	i)	I had gone shopping the day before.
	10.	I couldn't speak to the boss because	j)	he had lost his old one.





FILL IN THE BLANKS

Wri	te the past perfect	tense of the ve	erbs below the bla	inks.		
				all the students' tests		
1.	When I got to the h	nouse, Mary wa	asn't there. She	already	(leave)	
2.	I didn't recognize r	ny old classma	te because she	(change)	so much	
3.	We missed the beg	ginning of the r	movie. When we g	ot to the theater, it	already _	 (start)
4.	I was very nervous	for my first pl	ane trip because l	never	(fly)	before.
5.	l couldn't eat much	n dinner last ni	ght because I	(have)	such a big	lunch.
6.	I couldn't make dir	nner yesterday	. When I got to the	e supermarket, it	already	(close)
7.	Last week, our tea	cher gave back	the essays we	(write)	the week	before.
8.	The house was qui	et when he go	t home. Everyone	(go)	to bed	several hours earlier.
9.	They got to school	late yesterday	. The bell	_ already(ring)	·	
10.	Aisha couldn't com	ne to my house	last night becaus	e she already	(make	other plans.
11.	We couldn't find th	ne house. It wa	s clear that he	(give)	us the wro	ong address.
12.	Annie didn't want t	to come to the	movie with us bed	cause she	(see)	it the week before
13.	By the time the po	lice arrived at	the bank, the robb	oer already	(escape)	·
14.	I couldn't get into r	my house last ເ	night because l	(forget)	my key.	
15.	They just	(arrive)	at the reso	ort when they heard al	bout the incom	ing hurricane.



BY THE TIME

ВΙ	THE TIME
Use	e the prompts to make a past perfect sentence with "by the time" and "already."
Ex.	I missed my plane. (airport / plane take off)
	By the time I got to the airport, the plane had already taken off.
1.	I missed the show. (theater / movie start)
2.	I couldn't get my prescription. (drugstore / close)
3.	I couldn't say goodbye to my friends. (call their house / they leave)
4.	I didn't get the job. (I apply / they hire someone else)
5.	We couldn't buy the house. (we see / someone else make an offer)
6.	The house was destroyed. (the firemen arrive / house burn down)
7.	I didn't get to taste her chocolate cake. (I arrive / her children eat whole cake)
8.	I didn't see her when she was sick. (I go hospital / she go home)
9.	I didn't see the game. (I turn on TV / game finish)
10.	I missed my daughter's performance. (I arrive concert / my daughter finish her song)





NEGATIVE SENTENCES

Complete the negative sentences using the past perfect tense.

Ex.	My house was very dirty when she came over because _	I hadn't cleaned it for weeks. (I / not clean / for weeks)
1.	Joe had to study hard for yesterday's test because	(he / not do well / the week before)
2.	I was worried when she didn't arrive on time because	(she / not be / late / before)
3.	Cala didn't want to go on the school ski trip because	
4.	I didn't recognize Ellen at the party because	(she / not ski / before)
5	Franco didn't catch the bus because	(I / not see / for years)
		(he / not leave / the house / on time)
6.	Andy ate a huge supper last night because	(he / not eat / all day)
7.	The farmers' fields were very dry because	(it / not rain / for weeks)
8.	Roberta's hair looked messy last night because	(she / not comb / all day)
9.	Talitha was exhausted yesterday because	(she / not sleep / well / for several days)
10.	I was so happy when I got to the theater because	(the movie / not start / yet)



PAIR WORK

A. Speaking

Fill in the schedule with things you did yesterday. Then, with a partner, take turns asking and answering past perfect questions with *already* and *yet*.

Example:

- **A:** What had you already done by 3:00 pm yesterday?
- **B:** I had already gone for a jog by 3:00 pm yesterday. By 7:00 pm yesterday, what hadn't you done yet?
- **A:** By 7:00 pm yesterday, I hadn't finished my homework yet.

Schedule	
7:00 am	
9:00 am	
11:00 am	
12:00 pm	
1:00 pm	
3:00 pm	
5:00 pm	
7:00 pm	
9:00 pm	
11:00 pm	





Exercise 5 cont.

B. Writing

Write you	partner's answers in the spaces below using the past perfect tense.
l	
2	
3.	
l .	
j	
·	
'	
i	
).	
0	
·	





WRITING

Write a few paragraphs on the goals you have and haven't accomplished in your life so far. Use the past perfect tense as often as possible.

Example:

When I was young, I wanted to be a journalist. By the time I was 12 years old, I had already had a paper route for two years. By my thirteenth birthday, I had read countless newspaper articles, but I hadn't written any stories of my own yet...





QUIZ

Complete the following sentences using the correct form and tense of the verb provided. Use the past perfect, present perfect, or simple past tense.

Ex.	Vicky <u>didn't get</u>	to cla	ss on time yester	day.			
	By the time she	(arrive)	, trie class	(start)	·		
1.	I was disappointed wh	en l	at (arrive)	the party last ni	ight,		
	because most of my fr	iends	already	(go)	home.		
	l never				o go.		
3.	l(invite)	some frier	nds to come for di	inner last night,			
	but they couldn't come	e because the	ey alread	y(make	other plan	S.	
4.	It is still snowing. It	(start)	to snow l	ast night and it $_{ extstyle -}$	(not, stop)	yet.	
5.	(go)	to a conce	rt last night.				
	(enjoy)	it so much	because	(not, go)	to a concert for seve	eral years.	
6.	(get)	home quit	e late last night. N	My children	already	(fall)	asleep
7.	I know the new neighb	ors. I	(meet)	them last week.			
8.	Last night, I(s	pend)	the evening with	my friends.			
	I wanted to go bowling	g because I	never	(go)	bowling before.		
9.	Dalia is still sick. She _	(have)					
10.	Eduardo wants to buy	a new car. He	(own)	this one	for 12 years.		







Answer Key

LESSON DESCRIPTION:

Students learn how and when to use the past perfect tense in English. This lesson includes an exercise that combines the past perfect, simple past, and present perfect tenses.

LEVEL: High Int - Adv

TIME: 2 hours

TAGS: past perfect, simple past, present perfect, verbs,

verb tenses, grammar, grammar exercises

Grammar Notes

B. NOTES

Bonus answer:

See if your students can figure out this sentence that went viral on the Internet a while back. If they can't, try explaining it to them this way:

Think of the first part of the sentence like this: He had had a lot of faith by the time he was an old man. Think of the second part of the sentence like this: His faith had had no effect on the outcome of his life by the time he was an old man. If you join them together, and the context of age is implied, then you can get this result: All the faith he had had [subject] had had [main verb] no effect [object] on the outcome of his life.

Exercise 1

1. g 3. h 5. i 7. j 9. f 2. e 4. a 6. d 8. b 10. c

Exercise 2

1. had already left

2. had changed

3. had already started

4. had never flown

5. had had

6. had already closed

7. had written

8. had gone

9. had already rung

10. had already made

11. had given

12. had seen

13. had escaped

14. had forgotten

15. had just arrived

Exercise 3

1. By the time I got to the theater, the movie had already started.

2. By the time I got to the drugstore, it had already closed.

3. By the time I called their house, they had already left.

4. By the time I applied, they had already hired someone else.

5. By the time we saw the house, someone had already made an offer.

6. By the time the firemen arrived, the house had already burned down.

7. By the time I arrived, her children had already eaten the whole cake.

8. By the time I got to the hospital, she had already gone home.

9. By the time I turned on the TV, the game had already finished.

By the time I arrived at the concert,
 my daughter had already finished her song.

Exercise 4

1. ...he hadn't done well the week before.

2. ...she hadn't been late before.

3. ...she hadn't skied before.

4. ...I hadn't seen her for years.

5. ...he hadn't left the house on time.

6. ...he hadn't eaten all day.

7. ...it hadn't rained for weeks.

8. ...she hadn't combed it all day.

9. ...she hadn't slept well for several days.

10. ...the movie hadn't started yet.

(continued on the next page...)



Answer Key cont.

Exercise 5

Answers will vary.

Exercise 6

Answers will vary.

Exercise 7

- 1. arrived, had already gone
- 2. have never been
- 3. invited, had already made
- 4. started, hasn't stopped
- 5. went, enjoyed, had not gone
- 6. got, had already fallen
- 7. met
- 8. spent, had never gone
- 9. has had
- 10. has owned

SPELLING NOTE:

This lesson shows the American spelling of the words *Theater* and *Neighbors*. Most other English-speaking countries spell these words this way: *Theatre* and *Neighbours*. Make it a challenge for your students to find these words in the lesson and see if they know the alternate spellings.

EDITOR'S NOTE:

For practice comparing the past perfect with the past perfect progressive tense, please see our past perfect progressive lesson: https://esllibrary.com/courses/88/lessons/1993