# Modals of Possibility 

## Table of Contents

2 Grammar Notes

4 Exercise 1
Fill in the Blanks
5 Exercise 2
Our Trip
6 Exercise 3
What Could It Be?

7
Exercise 4
Guessing Game
8 Exercise 5
My Possible Future
9 Exercise 6
Quiz
10
Answer Key

## Grammar Notes

## A. Introduction to Modals

Modals (also known as modal verbs) are words that come before the main verb. They give the verb an extra meaning, such as ability, advice, or possibility.

Modals are always followed by a base verb.
A base verb is a verb with no ending ( $-\mathrm{s},-$-ed, -ing, etc.) added to it.
Look at the following chart to see examples of different types of modals.

| Modals | Type | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| can/could | ability | I can speak three languages. |
| should | advice | You should study more often. |
| must | necessity | He must apply for the job by Friday. |
| might/could/may | possibility | She might go to the movies tonight. |

## Grammar Notes cont.

## B. Modals of Possibility

Modals of possibility show that something is possible now.
They can also show that something might happen in the future.
Modals of possibility include might, could, and may.
These modals all have the meaning of "possible" and "maybe."
Might and could are very common. May is more formal and not used as often.

|  | Positive Sentences | Negative Sentences | Questions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| might | Alia might go to the party. | Alia might not go to the party. | (not common) |
| could | Juan could be late. | (not common) | Could Juan be late? |
| may | They may buy a new car. | They may not buy a new car. | (not common) |

## Note \#1

Could not is almost always used to show past ability, not present or future possibility.

- Lisa could not go to the party. (Past ability = She didn't go to the party.)
- Lisa might not go to the party. (Future possibility = She's not sure if she will go to the party or not.)


## Note \#2

The adverb maybe is often used to show possibility. We usually use maybe at the beginning or end of a sentence. Compare the adverb maybe with the modal may.

- Maybe he is sick today.
- He may be sick today.
- Maybe they have a cat.
- They may have a cat.


## Exercise 1

## FILL IN THE BLANKS

Write might, could, or may in the sentences below to show possibility.
More than one answer might be possible.

Ex. Mina $\qquad$ might help me with my homework.

1. John and Amy $\qquad$ get a new kitten.
2. I $\qquad$ study Japanese next year.
3. Pavel $\qquad$ try out for hockey next year.
4. Daniel $\qquad$ not go to school because he's sick.
5. $\qquad$ she be our new teacher?
6. We $\qquad$ try this new restaurant tonight.
7. Louise and Pierre $\qquad$ get married in the spring.
8. $\qquad$ that be our bus?
9. They $\qquad$ not be ready to take the test.
10. Isabella $\qquad$ not join the basketball team this year.

## Exercise 2

## OUR TRIP

Imagine that you and your partner are taking a trip together soon. Decide where you want to go. Then write down one or two possible plans for each day using modals of possibility.

## Example

## Destination: Paris

Monday: We might go to the Eiffel Tower if it's sunny. If it rains, we could go to the Louvre and see the Mona Lisa.


## Exercise 3

## WHAT COULD IT BE?

Look at the images. With a partner, come up with some guesses about what each image might be. Use might, could, or may in each sentence.
Ex: Image

## Exercise 4

## GUESSING GAME

Close your eyes. You have one minute to draw a picture with your eyes closed. When you are finished, get into groups of four. Each group member must use a modal of possibility to make a guess about what you drew.

## Example

Nicolas: Here's my picture. What could it be?
Hye Jin: Well, it could be a snake.
Anya: Or it might be spaghetti.
Akiko: Could it be a river?
Nicolas: Anya is right. It's spaghetti!

## Exercise 5 <br> MY POSSIBLE FUTURE

What are your possible future plans and goals? Check all that could apply to you, and think of two more things to add to the list. Then find a partner and talk about future possibilities using might, could, or may.
$\square$ graduate
$\square$ get a new job
$\square$ get married
$\square$ have children
$\square$ get a new pet
$\square$ buy a new home
$\square$ start a new hobby
$\square$ make new friends
$\square$ become fluent in English
$\square$ learn another language besides English
$\square$ travel
$\square$ retire
$\square$ $\qquad$
$\square$

## Exercise 6

## QUIZ

Circle the correct answer.

1. If I finish my assignment, I $\qquad$ home early.
a) go could
b) could go
2. Hiro $\qquad$ you.
a) might call
b) might calls
3. Our teacher $\qquad$ not give us homework to do this weekend. We'll find out on Friday.
a) could
b) may
4. $\qquad$ that be a UFO?
a) Could
b) May
5. He might $\qquad$ a new puppy.
a) gets
b) get
6. We $\qquad$ not go out tonight. We haven't decided yet.
a) might
b) could
7. They may $\qquad$ to another city this year.
a) moving
b) move
8. Fatima might $\qquad$ a year off school to travel around the world.
a) take
b) takes
9. My children $\qquad$ absent from school tomorrow.
a) maybe
b) may be
10. Francisco isn't in class today. $\qquad$ he be sick?
a) Could
b) May

## Answer Key

## LESSON DESCRIPTION:

In this lesson, students learn to use might, could, and may in affirmative sentences, negative sentences, and questions. Students guess at each other's drawings and discuss future travel and life plans.

LEVEL: Int

TIME: 2 hours

TAGS: modals, modals of possibility, might, could, may, maybe, possible, modal verbs, auxiliary verbs, verbs, grammar

## Exercise 1

1. might / could / may
2. might / could / may
3. might / could / may
4. might / may
5. Could

## Exercise 2

## Exercise 6

1. $b$
2. $b$
3. $b$
4. $b$
5. b
6. $a$
7. a
8. $a$
9. a
10. a
EDITOR'S NOTE:
This lesson shows the common North American usage of modals of possibility. Variations may occur in other
English-speaking countries.

Answers will vary.

## Exercise 3

Answers will vary. Possible answers:

1. It could be a plate. / It might be the moon.
2. It might be a pyramid. / It could be a hat.
3. It might be a die. / It may be a box.
4. It could be a ladder. / It might be a pair of skis.
5. It might be a stop sign. / It could be a picture frame.

## Exercise 4

Answers will vary.

## Exercise 5

Answers will vary. Encourage conversation by getting students to ask each other some follow-up questions. You could also try setting a time limit. (E.g., You must talk to each other for at least ten minutes during this exercise.)

